White Rose Maths Hub Schemes of Learning 2.0







Welcome

Welcome to the White Rose Maths Hub's new, more detailed schemes of learning for 2017-18.

We have listened to all the feedback over the last 2 years and as a result of this, we have made some changes to our primary schemes. *They are bigger, bolder and more detailed than before.*

The new schemes still have the *same look and feel* as the old ones, but we have tried to provide more detailed guidance. We have worked with enthusiastic and passionate teachers from up and down the country, who are experts in their particular year group, to bring you additional guidance. *These schemes have been written for teachers, by teachers.*

We are proud to be one of the 35 Maths Hubs around the country that have been established to improve maths outcomes for everyone. We all believe that every child can succeed in mathematics. Thank you to everyone who has contributed to the work of the hub. It is only with your help that we can make a difference.

We hope that you find the new schemes of learning helpful. As always, if you or your school want support with any aspect of teaching maths, we encourage you to contact your local hub.

If you have any feedback on any part of our work, do not hesitate to get in touch. Follow us on Twitter and Facebook to keep up-to-date with all our latest announcements.

White Rose Maths Hub Team

#MathsEveryoneCan

White Rose Maths Hub Contact Details



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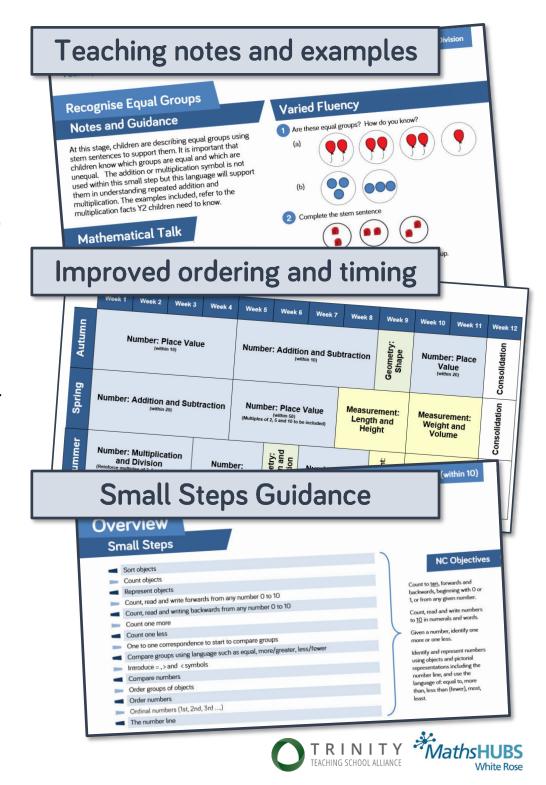
www.facebook.com/whiterosemathshub



What's New?

This release of our schemes includes

- New overviews, with subtle changes being made to the timings and the order of topics.
- New small steps progression. These show our blocks broken down into smaller steps.
- Small steps guidance. For each small step we provide some brief guidance to help teachers understand the key discussion and teaching points. This guidance has been written for teachers, by teachers.
- A more integrated approach to fluency, reasoning and problem solving.
- Answers to all the problems in our new scheme.
- This year there will also be updated assessments.
- We are also working with Diagnostic Questions to provide questions for every single objective of the National Curriculum.



Meet the Team

The schemes have been put together by a wide group of passionate and enthusiastic classroom practitioners. The development of the schemes has been led by the following people who work across Trinity MAT.



Stephen Monaghan











Special Thanks

The WRMH Team would like to say a huge thank you to the following people who came from all over the country to contribute their ideas and experience. We could not have done it without you.

Year 2 Team

Chris Gordon Beth Prottey Rachel Wademan Emma Hawkins Scott Smith Valda Varadinek-Skelton Chloe Hall Faye Hirst Charlotte James Joanne Stuart Michelle Cornwell

Year 3 Team

Becky Stanley Nicola Butler Laura Collis Richard Miller Claire Bennett Chris Conway

Year 4 Team

Terrie Litherland Susanne White Hannah Kirman Daniel Ballard Isobel Gabanski Laura Stubbs



Lynne Armstrong Laura Heath Clare Bolton Helen Eddie Chris Dunn Rebecca Gascoigne

Year 6 Team

Lindsay Coates Kayleigh Parkes Shahir Khan Sarah Howlett Emma Lucas







How to use the Small Steps

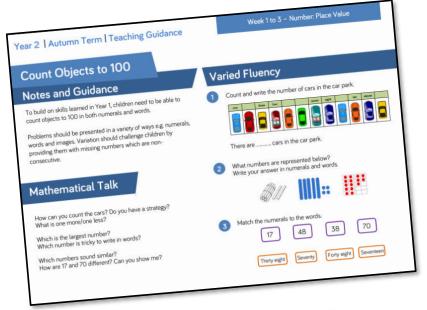
As a hub, we were regularly asked how it is possible to spend so long on particular blocks of content and National Curriculum objectives. We know that breaking the curriculum down into small manageable steps should help children understand concepts better. Too often, we have noticed that teachers will try and cover too many concepts at once and this can lead to cognitive overload. In our opinion, it is better to follow a small steps approach.

As a result, for each block of content we have provided a "Small Step" breakdown. We recommend that the steps are taught separately and would encourage teachers to spend more time on particular steps if they feel it is necessary. Flexibility has been built into the scheme to allow this to happen.

Teaching Notes

Alongside the small steps breakdown, we have provided teachers with some brief notes and guidance to help enhance their teaching of the topic. The "Mathematical Talk" section provides questions to encourage mathematical thinking and reasoning, to dig deeper into concepts.

We have also continued to provide guidance on what varied fluency, reasoning and problem solving should look like





Assessments

Alongside these overviews, our aim is to provide an assessment for each term's plan. Each assessment will be made up of two parts:

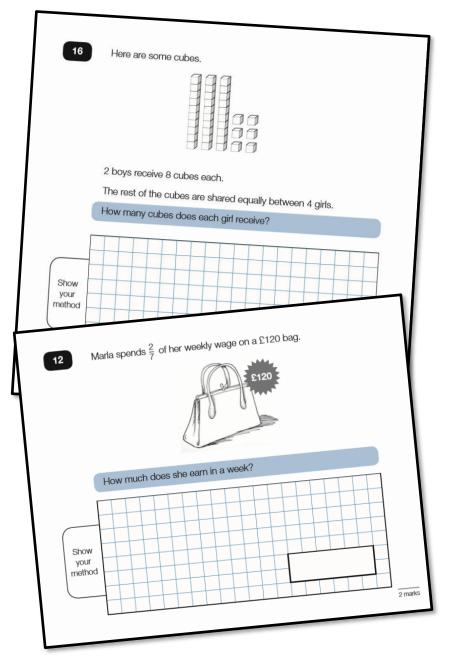
Part 1: Fluency based arithmetic practice

Part 2: Reasoning and problem solving based questions

Teachers can use these assessments to determine gaps in children's knowledge and use them to plan support and intervention strategies.

The assessments have been designed with new KS1 and KS2 SATs in mind. New assessments will be released over the course of next year.

For each assessment we will aim to provide a summary spreadsheet so that schools can analyse their own data. We hope to work with Mathematics Mastery to allow schools to make comparisons against other schools. Keep a look out for information next year.





Teaching for Mastery

These overviews are designed to support a mastery approach to teaching and learning and have been designed to support the aims and objectives of the new National Curriculum.

The overviews:

- have number at their heart. A large proportion of time is spent reinforcing number to build competency
- ensure teachers stay in the required key stage and support the ideal of depth before breadth.
- ensure students have the opportunity to stay together as they work through the schemes as a whole group
- provide plenty of opportunities to build reasoning and problem solving elements into the curriculum.

For more guidance on teaching for mastery, visit the NCETM website

https://www.ncetm.org.uk/resources/47230

Concrete - Pictorial - Abstract

As a hub, we believe that all children, when introduced to a new concept, should have the opportunity to build competency by taking this approach.

Concrete – children should have the opportunity to use concrete objects and manipulatives to help them understand what they are doing.

Pictorial – alongside this children should use pictorial representations. These representations can then be used to help reason and solve problems.

Abstract – both concrete and pictorial representations should support children's understanding of abstract methods.

We have produced a CPD unit for teachers in schools;

https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/theimportance-of-concrete-professional-development-11476476

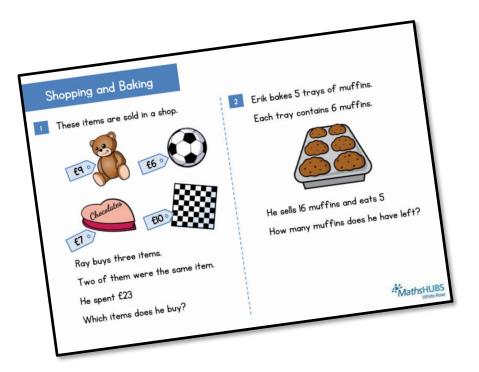


Additional Materials

In addition to our schemes and assessments we have a range of other materials that you may find useful.

KS1 and KS2 Problem Solving Questions

For the last two years, we have provided a range of KS1 and KS2 problem solving questions in the run up to SATs. There are over 150 questions on a variety of different topics and year groups.



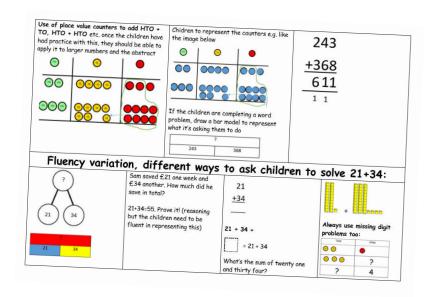
Other schemes of learning

As well as having schemes for Y1-Y6 we developed a range of other schemes of learning

- Schemes for reception
- Mixed aged schemes
- Year 7 9 schemes for secondary

Calculation policy/guidance

We also have our calculation policy for the four operations. This can be found on our TES page.





Our Partnerships

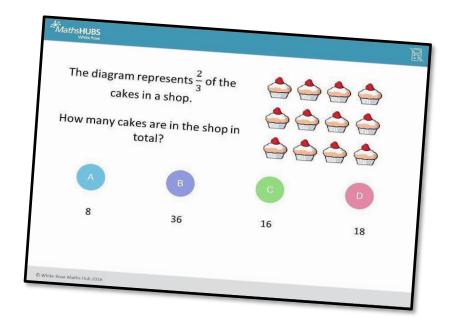
tes www.tes.com



Over the last 12 months we have developed a partnership with tes. Working with Mathematics Mastery we have created a detailed breakdown of the National Curriculum. Watch this space for exciting developments.

https://www.tes.com/teaching-resources/teaching-for-mastery-in-primary-maths





Diagnostic Questions www.diagnosticquestions.co.uk



From September 2017, we have written two sets of questions for every National Curriculum objective from Y1 to Y6. These are hosted free of charge on amrbartonmaths Diagnostic Questions website.



Training

The White Rose Maths Hub regularly delivers free training in the local area as part of the Work Groups it runs. Our regular newsletter details this training.

As well as free training, Trinity Teaching School Alliance offers paid for training to schools regionally, nationally and occasionally internationally. Over the last year we have delivered training to over 150 schools and have had over 1,000 people attend our face to face training.

As part of our 'Jigsaw' package we offer the following twilight courses:

- CPA
- Bar Modelling
- Reasoning and Problem Solving
- Mathematical Talk and Questioning
- Variation and Depth

If you would like any more information about our courses then email the team at mathshub@trinitytsa.co.uk

License Partners

We also work with a growing number of Teaching Schools around the country to deliver our training. All of our providers have been specially selected and they are as passionate about improving maths education as we are. All our providers offer our twilight bar modelling training course. If you want to see who your local provider is or would like to become a license partner then visit http://whiterosemathshub.co.uk/licencees/



Bar Modelling Deeper Learning Event



FAQs

We have bought one of the new textbook schemes, can we still use these curriculum plans?

Many schools are starting to make use of mastery textbooks used in places like Singapore and China. The schemes have been designed to work alongside these textbooks. We recommend that you follow the textbook order and use our materials for additional support and guidance.

If we spend so much time on number work, how can we cover the rest of the curriculum?

Children who have an excellent grasp of number make better mathematicians. Spending longer on mastering key topics will build a child's confidence and help secure understanding. This should mean that less time will need to be spent on other topics.

In addition, schools that have been using these schemes already have used other subjects and topic time to teach and consolidate other areas of the mathematics curriculum.

Do you recommend a particular textbook to use?

Unfortunately the hub is unable to recommend a particular textbook. We do however recommend that schools and teachers do their research and speak to schools who have already invested.

Should I teach one small step per lesson?

Each small step should be seen as a separate concept that needs teaching. You may find that you need to spend more time on particular concepts. Flexibility has been built into the curriculum model to allow this to happen. This may involve spending more than one lesson on a small step, depending on your class' understanding.

Will you be providing grade boundaries for your assessments?

No, we will not be releasing guidance on grade boundaries. We suggest the assessments are used to find out what children can and cannot do, which will help inform future planning.



FAQs continued ...

How do I use the fluency, reasoning and problem solving questions?

The questions are designed to be used by the teacher to help them understand the key teaching points that need to be covered. They should be used as inspiration and ideas to help teachers plan carefully structured lessons.

What is same day intervention?

A growing number of schools are doing different types of same day intervention. Some schools are splitting a lesson into two parts and other schools are working with small groups of students at other times during the day. The common goal is to keep up, rather than catch up.

Where is the textbook breakdown from Surrey Hub?

Unfortunately this is no longer available.

How do I reinforce what children already know if I don't teach the topic again?

The scheme has been designed to give sufficient time for teachers to explore concepts in depth, rather than covering it superficially and then coming back to it several times.

We understand though that schools will rightly want to ensure that students revisit concepts and ensure fluency in number.

The schemes interleave prior content in new concepts. For example when children look at measurement we recommend that there are lots of questions that practice the four operations and fractions. This helps children make links between topics and understand them more deeply.

We also recommend that schools look to reinforce number fluency throughout the year. This could be done as mental and oral starters or in additional maths time during the day.



School to School Support

In addition to our training we also have access to some SLEs who (through the Teaching School) can help support individual schools with improving their maths teaching.

To find out more details or the costs of any of our training, please contact one of the Operations and Communications team at the hub

#MathsEveryoneCan

mathshub@trinitytsa.co.uk

At the White Rose Maths Hub we believe that everyone can succeed in Maths. We encourage anyone who uses our schemes to share in this belief and do all that they can to convince the children they teach that this is the case.

Release Dates

June 2017

• First part of Autumn term schemes

July 2017

- Second part of Autumn term schemes
- Mixed-age plans for Autumn

August 2017

Diagnostic Questions for Autumn

November 2017

New Autumn assessments

December 2017

- Spring schemes
- Diagnostic Questions for Spring

February 2018

New Spring assessments

March 2018

- Summer schemes
- Summer Diagnostic Questions

May 2018

• New Summer assessments



Year 1 - Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn		lumber: P (with	Place Valu in 10)	e	Numbe	r: Addition (with		traction	Geometry: Shape	Numbe Va (with	Consolidation	
Spring	Numbe	r: Additio (with	n and Sub in 20)	traction	(within 50) Lengt				rement: Measurement: th and Weight and Ight Volume		Consolidation	
Summer				nber: tions	Geometry: position and direction	Number: Place Value (within 100)		Measurement : money ui		me	Consolidation	



Year 1 - Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2		Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
or from any and count, read and Given a num Identify and representati	re Value forwards and I given number. and write numb per, identify one represent numb ons including the equal to, more	ers to e mor pers us e num	o <u>10</u> in numera re or one less. sing objects an nber line, and	als and words. Ind pictorial use the	Represent and facts within 10 Read, write an addition (+), su Add and subtra Solve one step subtraction, us	d interpret math obtraction (-) and act one digit num problems that in the congrete obj	ematical statement of the control of	ents involving ding zero. nd	Geometry: Shape Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including: (for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles) Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including: (for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres.)	Number: Place Count to twent and backwards with 0 or 1, from number. Count, read and numbers to 20 and words. Given a numbed more or one less Identify and resolution represes including the number and use the land equal to, more (fewer), most, less	d write in numerals r, identify one ss. present objects and lentations umber line, leguage of: than, less than	Consolidation



Year 1 - Spring Term

Week 1 Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Addition and Subtracts within 20 Read, write and interpret manddition (+), subtraction (-) and Add and subtract one-digit and including zero. Solve one step problems that subtraction, using concrete or representations, and missing — 9	ethematical statement of the statement o	ents involving s. ers to 20, and	beginning with Count, read an numerals. Given a numbe Identify and re and pictorial re number line, an to, more than,	wards and backy 0 or 1, or from a d write numbers or, identify one mapresent numbers presentations includes the langualess than (fewer)	to <u>50</u> in ore or one less. susing objects cluding the age of: equal of the eage.	Height Measure an record lengtheights. Compare, desolve practifor: lengths (for example)	escribe and cal problems and heights e, long/short, rter, tall/short,	Measurement and Volume Measure and record mass/capacity and volume solve practication for mass/weitexample, heatheavier than, than]; capacity volume [for efull/empty, miless than, half quarter]	begin to weight, volume. scribe and al problems ght: [for vy/light, lighter ty and example, nore than,	Consolidation



Year 1 - Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Solve one step multiplication answer using o	plication and Div ples of twos, five problems involved and division, by concrete objects, as and arrays wit	ring calculating the pictorial	Number: Fraction Recognise, find half as one of two of an object, ship quantity. Recognise, find quarter as one parts of an object quantity. Compare, desceptactical problect lengths and helexample, long/longer/shorter, double/half) Compare, desceptactical problect mass/weight [fineavy/light, healighter than]; cayolume [for exafull/empty, monthan, half, half	and name a wo equal parts ape or and name a of four equal ect, shape or ribe and solve ems for: ights (for short, tall/short, ribe and solve ems for: or example, avier than, apacity and ample, re than, less	Geometry: position and direction Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns	Number: Place Count to and a forwards and b beginning with from any given Count, read an numbers to 10 numerals. Given a numbe one more and Identify and re numbers using pictorial repres including the n and use the lar equal to, more than, most, lea	cross 100, packwards, 0 or 1, or number. d write 0 in er, identify one less. present objects and sentations umber line, nguage of: than, less	Measuremen t: Money Recognise and know the value of different denominatio ns of coins and notes.	Measurement Sequence ever chronological language [for before and af first, today, y tomorrow, m afternoon an Recognise an language rela dates, includi the week, we and years. Tell the time and half past and draw the clock face to times. Compare, des solve practica for time [for equicker, slow later] Measure and record time (minutes, second	ents in I order using example, fter, next, esterday, orning, d evening. d use uting to ing days of eeks, months to the hour	Consolidation

